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The Chinook Advance

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Vol 12. No 22

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, September 22, 1927

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

Harvest Supplies

Bring your cook car order for Groceries and other supplies in to us and let us quote you prices on same. We guarantee to give you the best of service. Our prices on Groceries, Crockery and Dry Goods are very reasonable, and the quality is of the best.

FRUIT

PRUNES, PEACHES, PLUMS, APPLES, CRAB APPLES, Green and Ripe TOMATOES

Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service
C. W. RIDEOUT GEO. E. AITKEN
CHINOOK ALTA



Price of New Ford Cars and Tractors

FORD TOURING	\$595.00
FORD SEDAN	\$762.70
FORD COUPE	\$746.00
FORDSON TRACTOR	\$632.00
" TRACTOR, complete with Pulley and Governor	\$676.00
TRUCK CHASSIS (Above prices f. o. b. Chinook.)	\$507.00

The Service Garage

COOLEY BROS., Props.
CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.

Just Arrived!

A SHIPMENT OF

- Neilson's -
- Bulk and Box
- Chocolates -

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT TO CHOOSE FROM.

THE BEST OF CHOCOLATES AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST

CHINOOK

LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. G. Frederickson, of Trail, B.C., who has been visiting for two weeks at the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. Robinson, left on Monday for Sibbald,

The first car load of 1927 wheat was shipped from Chinook last Friday from the Western Canada Flour Mills elevator.

William Gordon is helping with the harvesting of the crop on Mr. John Coutts' farm in the Collholme district.

Effective September 25, the east bound local train running between Hanna and Kindersley is due at Chinook 11:10 a.m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and the west bound local train at 2:20 p.m. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

C. W. Rideout has been appointed by the Wheat Pool to cash the grain tickets for grain sold at their elevator at this point.

Mrs. H. E. Robinson, of Rearville, who has been spending the past two months in Calgary, returned on Sunday morning.

E. Dancey, who has been a student missionary in the Tipperry district during the summer, left on Monday for Toronto where he will resume his studies at College.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Bowman, of Crystal district, at the Cereal Hospital on Saturday, September 17, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bassett, of Huxley, were visitors over the week-end at the home of their son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Bassett.

Quite a number of young folks from Chinook attended the dance at Heathdale School last Friday night. All report an enjoyable time.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Deman, of Calgary, and Mr. and Mrs. G. Crozer, of Riedmire, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Deeman over the week-end.

The ladies card club met at the home of Mrs. Carter on Tuesday evening. Mrs. Dawson won the first prize an embroidered towel. The members will meet next Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. L. Robinson.

The opening of Normal School in Calgary has been postponed to October 3.

Messrs. Cooley Bros., sold a Fordson tractor and a Wood separator this week to J. A. McLean, of Rollinson, a Fordson tractor to F. Boeschling, of Chilmark, and a Ford truck to Clifford Bowman.

A dance will be held in Laughlin school next Friday night.

Leonard Bayley, of Wayne, spent Sunday at the parental home here, returning on Monday.

Miss Vera Youngren, of Kinmundy, left on Saturday for Medicine Hat, where she will teach school.

Chinook United Church
Rally Day Service Next Sunday
Morning, September 25

The Sunday School Rally Day Service will be held in the Chinook United Church next Sunday morning, September 25, at 11 o'clock. This is one day in the year set apart for a children's service, and the service next Sunday morning will be of interest to young and old. There will be a splendid program of recitations and songs given by the children, and every parent in town is cordially invited to be present. Remember the time 11 a.m. next Sunday morning.

M.D. OF COLLHOLME

A meeting of the Council of the Municipal District of Collholme was held in the Collholme School on Friday evening. Members present Messrs. Shier, Warren Duster, Ferguson and Gordianer.

The monthly financial statement was presented by the Secretary and confirmed.

The Council decided to give a grant of \$15.00 to the Youngstown Rest Room.

That the reserve bids on lands to be offered for sale at the Municipal Sale of lands on September 29, be set at the amount of all taxes and costs against the said lands.

Mr. Trueblood was appointed auctioneer for the Tax Sale on September 29th.

The Secretary was instructed to make a seizure for arrears of tax on a number of parcels of land in the Municipality.

The Secretary was also instructed to write all parties owing seed grain and relief accounts to the Municipality requesting them that a reasonable payment be made on same from the proceeds of this year's crop.

The Council adjourned to meet again on November 5.

CHINOOK SCHOOL BOARD MEET

A meeting of the Trustees of the Chinook Consolidated School District was held in the school on Saturday evening. Members present were J. L. Carter, W. Wright, and A. Rosenau.

There was very little business transacted at the meeting. Several question regarding school matters were discussed, and the following accounts were passed and ordered to be paid:

Levi Vennard	\$21.00
W. A. Steckle	13.00
R. W. Wright	9.65
Imperial Lumber Co.	52.56
J. S. Smith	29.25
C. E. Barry	1.50
Messrs. Rosenau and Wright	

were appointed a committee to order robes and foot-warmer for the school vans.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hurley motored to Drumheller on Wednesday to meet and bring back with them Mrs. Hurley's sister, Mrs. Sheppard, of Toronto, who is spending a holiday in the West.

This Store has prepared for
The Harvester's Wants

BY LAYING IN LARGE RANGES OF MEN'S
Windbreakers and Blazer Coats
(All different Colors and Patterns)

Sweaters, Mackinaw Coats, Leather
Jackets, Overalls, Trouzers, Caps,
Smocks, Gloves, Shirts, Socks.

We have these in all ranges and weights.

See us for **Harvest Shoes**
Stanfield's Underwear Just Arrived

Our Grocery Department

Can fill any order at once that you may need for your harvest.

LARGE RANGE OF HARVEST BLANKETS

HURLEY'S

CHINOOK ALBERTA
WE ARE OPEN EVENINGS.

PRICE LIST

Gentlemen Ladies

Haircut	50c	Haircut, any style	50c
Shave	25c	Shingle Trim	25c
Facial Massage, Boncilla	75c	Neck Trim	10c
" Myrza	50c	Facial Massage, Boneilla	75c
" Shampoo	50c	" Myrza	50c
Hair Tonic	15c	Shampoo "	50c
Boy's Haircut, 15 years and under	35c	Girl's Haircut, 15 years and under	35c

Chinook Barber Shop

Prompt and Courteous Service.

H. W. Butts,

Prop.

The Best in Meats

They have quality, they are tender, they are fresh, but not too fresh, they are properly prepared, they are cut and sold in a cleanly manner, they are delicious, wholesome and pleasing to serve. Do you want a ROAST that will be juicy and tender when hot, that will slice up nicely when cold? VEAL, LAMB, BEEF PORK—the best of each. We know all about the meat we sell, and we won't sell it unless it's the best in the market.

Corned Beef, Smoked Fish and Meats, Cheese, Lard, Etc. Fresh Fish on Fridays.

Chinook & Youngstown Meat Markets

Buy Advertised Goods

Your Harvest Needs

Harvest Shoes	Harvest Gloves	Leather Coats
Thresher's Blankets	Wool Socks	Cotton Gloves
Horse Blankets, Axle Grease	Cup Grease, Harness, Saddles	

See our stock. You will appreciate the splendid values, We want your business.

A Stock of Nursing Shoes for children expected soon.

CHINOOK HARNESS SHOP
Phone 14. S. H. Smith, Prop.

Imported direct from the Orient in metal lined chests. Blended and packed into 1 lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. bright Aluminum packages.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

105-R
RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good.

Fight the Fire Fiend

The week commencing October 9 has, by proclamation published in the Official Gazette at Ottawa, been declared Fire Prevention Week throughout Canada. The object is, of course, to focus public attention upon the enormous losses, both of life and property, resulting from fire with a view to the adoption of more effective safeguards against fire, and to educate all people, and especially children, against habits of carelessness in the handling of matches, gasoline and other combustibles, and in the disregard of common-sense methods in the matter of extinguishing camp fires, and such simple matters as throwing away the still lighted stubs of cigars and cigarettes.

At first glance it would seem to be vital unnecessary for the national government to officially set aside one week out of every fifty-two for the avowed purpose of teaching a presumably intelligent, educated and business-like people to safeguard their own lives, homes and property from destruction. Unfortunately, Canada's fire record proves conclusively that it is only too necessary to keep up a persistent campaign to awaken the people from their carelessness and indifference in this very vital matter.

Canada, which is so progressive in many ways, and has taken the leadership in numerous worthwhile movements, and can claim the honor of achievements, occupies a low place among the nations of the world when statistics of fire losses are studied. Few countries, if, indeed, any one, annually record the appalling fire losses which take place in Canada. This Dominion's fire loss per head of population is about the highest in the world, and the passing years do not reveal much improvement.

Canada has already sustained the loss not merely of millions but actually billions of dollars worth of forest wealth, some of which is gone forever, and where long periods of time will be required to make good the loss in other districts. And these forests are one of Canada's greatest assets—ours of the principal factors today, and for the future, in building up the Dominion's greatest industrial enterprises and providing a very large percentage of the Dominion's export trade.

The fire fiend takes a yearly, monthly, almost daily toll of human life, as well as leaving behind it a trail of lifelong suffering and economic loss in blinded and crippled humanity.

Because of the high ratio of fire losses, the people of Canada have to pay abnormally high rates for fire insurance. The insurance companies are not to blame for demanding high premiums. They must protect themselves and their policy holders, and just so long as fires in Canada remain so numerous and costly, so long will the cost of insurance against fire remain a heavy drain upon the business of the Dominion.

Then, too, there is the further heavy burden imposed upon all urban communities in the maladministration of elaborate and expensive fire-fighting equipment, and large expenditures to augment water supplies for fire-fighting purposes greatly in excess of the daily domestic requirements of cities and towns.

All these forms of protection are necessary, and must be paid for in our tax bills. But because of the frequency of fires largely the result of carelessness and neglect of the most ordinary precautions on the part of many people, these services have to be maintained on a much more extensive and expensive scale than would otherwise be necessary.

Fire Prevention Week should, therefore, be observed all over the country. Special attention should be paid to the subject in all schools, while each individual householder should devote a little time to a thorough examination of his premises and make a close check-up of conditions in and around all buildings. Rubbish should be cleared away, unprotected stove pipes, electric wires, gasoline and oil supplies attended to, and every member of the family cautioned to exercise the greatest care in handling of matches and all combustible materials, lighted lamps, and in the making and extinguishing of fires. Finally, all property should be adequately insured notwithstanding all precautions that may be taken.

Attention to these important matters now may save much loss and suffering in the future.

Giant Dirigible Damaged

Expansion Of Gas Through Weather Conditions Caused Peculiar Accident

A peculiar accident to the giant dirigible Los Angeles occurred while the huge airship was moored at her mast in Lakehurst, N.J. The temperature rose suddenly, causing the helium gas in her containers to expand rapidly, and the wind shifted 180 degrees in a few seconds. The result was that she threw her stern high into the air, almost at an angle of ninety degrees, and whirled around with the sudden change in the wind. The temperature was back to normal rapidly, so that the gas as-

sounded its normal volume and the tail of the ship dropped down. Meanwhile, however, loose gear in the ship was thrown about, causing some damage.

French Use Bicycles

Report Shows They Out-Number Automobiles Ten-To-One

The number of bicycles in use in France in 1925 amounted to 7,112,000, an increase of 5 per cent over 1925, according to Trade Commissioner Louis Hall, Paris, in a report to the Detroit office of the Department of Commerce.

About half a million bicycles are now used in Greater Paris, the Department of the Seine having 476,605 registered, or two to every eight inhabitants. In the highly industrial departments of Northern France, a total of \$56,000 bicycles are in use, or one to every five inhabitants. There are 10 times as many bicycles in France as automobiles.

Get Rid of HEMORRHOIDS (Piles)

Surgical operations for the relief of piles can often be avoided by the use of Anusol Suppositories. Your doctor recommends the remedial effectiveness in the fact that Anusol Suppositories have a twenty-five-year record of success in the treatment of this painful condition.

Nothing injurious or habit-forming about the formula. Safe for people of every age. Sold only in sealed boxes.

Ask your druggist or write us for a dozen, postpaid, for \$1.25. Canadian & Foreign Agency Company, Unity Building, Montreal.

ANUSOL SUPPOSITORIES

Will Plead Law Cases In European Courts

American Woman Attorney Going To Paris, Athens and London

An American woman attorney will try cases in Paris, Athens and London while on a "vacation." She is Miss Grace H. Brown of Detroit, who plans to sail to Europe soon to carry out her legal plans. In Paris Miss Brown will represent an Armenian immigrant whose \$500,000 from the Turkish Government for land he alleges was confiscated. She has been retained in an immigration case in Athens and an involved estate will claim her attention in the London courts. Miss Brown has received introductory letters from the foreign courts from Secretary of State Frank B. Kellogg.

Toes Kept Free From Sore Corns

When you notice any sign of callous on the feet or toes—that's the time to paint on a few drops of Putman's Corn Extractor. It makes the toes and fingers corns. No matter if it is hard or soft. Let it be on top or between the toes. Putman's will remove it without pain. Insist on "Putman's" Corn Extractor. It does the work—and roots out the corn.

Self-Sustaining Air Services
Probably the only two self-sustaining air transport routes operated during 1926 in the Empire were in Canada—those from Halifax to the Ronay, and from St. John's to the Red Landaling fields. There are an absolutely commercial basis but have had no Government subsidies.

A PERFECT MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Baby's Own Tablets Should Be In Every Home Where There Are Children

The perfect medicine for little ones is found in Baby's Own Tablets. They are a gentle but thorough laxative which regulates the bowels, sweetens the breath, drives out worms and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and promote healthful refreshing sleep. It is impossible for Baby's Own Tablets to harm even the most delicate babies as they are absolutely guaranteed free from spurious or any other injurious drug.

Concerning the Tablets, Mrs. Alex. J. Perry, Attleboro, writes: "I keep Baby's Own Tablets for the children for the house, as I have found them a perfect medicine for little ones."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by retail dealers at 25 cents a box from Dr. W. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Japan Needs Post Offices

Government Is Considering Plans For Increase In Number

More post offices are needed in Japan. For each 6,299 persons in the country there is only one post office. England and Germany have one to 2,000 persons. The Communications Department is considering plans for the increase in the number of offices and an appropriation is to be included next year's Budget for the opening of \$6,000 more post offices over a period extending ten years. At the end of ten years each village throughout Japan will have a post office all to itself.

It Will Prevent Ulcerated Throat

The first symptom of some throat, whether ulcerated or inflamed, take a spoonful of Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. Add a little sugar to it to make it palatable. It will allay the irritation and prevent the inflammation swelling and becoming painful.

Those who were perfectly

themselves immune to attack.

Antiseptic Perfumes

Perfume and Toilet Preparations Have Distinct Antiseptic Value

More important than the agreeable sensations carried by the delicate nasal nerves to the brain and their effect on the nervous system is the hygienic value of a perfume and a toilet preparation, states the N.R.I. service in a bulletin recently published. Nearly all perfume flavors are aromatic substances and as such are germicidal. The use of perfume thus threatens in crowded covered spaces even if freely cleaned by chemicals such as carbolic acid, formaldehyde or chloride of lime. Alcohol between 60 to 80 per cent strength is a strong antiseptic and increases the germicidal action of essential oils. Rosewater, owing to its contents of phenyl-ethyl alcohol, which can be made synthetically, is used as a sleeping potion for children and benzyl benzoate and benzyl alcohol, ether synthetics, have pain-allaying properties similar to opium without its narcotic and habit-forming properties.

Punished For Cruelty

We wonder what some of our courts would say to a fine of ten dollars and costs of twenty-five more for scraping a live carp with a curvy comb. Yet this was the punishment imposed upon a man by the English Police Courts. Some people think a fish is not an animal.

The oldest university in the world is that of Pavia in Italy, founded in 825 A.D., by Lothair, grandson of Charlemagne.

One day's exercise with a wood saw is worth two weeks of physical culture.

Drives away pain — Minard's Liniment.



Clean to handle. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and General Stores

Coal Not Merely a Fuel

German Scientists Discover Many Valuable By-Products

European scientists appreciate that "coal is not merely a fuel but contains raw products to make things out of," declared Dr. Thomas S. Barker, president of Carnegie Institute of Technology, upon his return from a trip abroad.

"Coal's potentialities are particularly appreciated in Germany, according to Dr. Barker, where "there has been a most striking development in synthetic fertilizers in connection with coal—the output of which has increased during the war." It is a matter of very great economic force to the country and farm productivity has been materially increased.

"A great deal of the enormous success that the German Chemical Trust is having centres around the chemistry of coal," Dr. Barker said.

"While Germany has lost its monopoly of dyes, it is developing other processes that are of great importance to modern industry. This trust is said to be producing synthetic gasoline on a commercial basis."

Canada Favored For League Seat

London Paper Says Dominion Well Qualified For Seat On Council

The London Observer, commenting on Canada's candidacy for a seat on the League Council, says it would be hard to pick another candidate more powerfully qualified for the privilege. The great war was a warning enough of Canada's capacity for international service and she has played other parts since then.

In numbers and influence taken together, continues the Observer, Canada ranks high in the list of candidates, and above all, it would be invaluable for the league to have for the first time a direct representative from North America upon the council.

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Drives away pain — Minard's Liniment.

Defies Alpine Climbers

Mount Robson is Still Victor Over Mountaineers

Mount Robson, giant peak of the Canadian Rockies, this year has turned back every party of Alpinists who have attempted to scale it. Two recent attempts were made by members of the Seattle Mountaineers' Club, but they too met with failure.

A driving rain and low-lying clouds were encountered by the climbers on their dangerous ascent from the valley floor. At high altitude they ran into sleet and then, when the weather cleared, they waded waist-deep through snow. Finally, when success seemed almost certain, they brought up against a huge ice cliff blocking the only possible approach to the summit.

The cliff is 100 feet high and almost perpendicular. The climbers said they would try again next year.

Bees Disturbed Church Service

Half Million Swarmed Under Roof In English Town

Bees have been known to swarm in many queer places, but one of the strangest cases was that of a swarm of about half a million strong that settled beneath the roof of Rossington Church, near Doncaster, England.

So great was the noise of their humming that it could be heard above the sound of the organ and the voices of the choir and congregation.

To remove them a heap expert had to cut away a part of the roof. He discovered a solid mass of bees six feet by four feet. Smoke bombs had to be used to overcome the swarm, and only a mask and gauntlets protected the man from the infuriated insects.

Minard's Liniment eases sore feet.

A Dominion exhibition, primarily advertising Australia, but on the lines of the Empire exhibition at Wembley, London, in 1925, is to be held at Sydney, probably in 1931.

The first year's salary of an early Michigan circuit rider consisted of hay, oats, socks, mittens and cash to the extent of \$18.

Treat Colds 2 Ways With One Treatment

RUBBED ON throat and chest, Vicks does two things at once:

(1) It is soarized by the heat and inflated direct to the inflamed air passages, and

(2) It stimulates the skin like an old-fashioned poultice and "draws out" the soreness.

VICKS VAPORUB
OVER 14 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY.

Was Descended From Well Known Character

Direct Descendant Of Jack Horner Dies In England

Sir John Horner, lord of the manor of Wells and direct descendant of Jack Horner, died recently in Somerset, England, at the age of 84. Jack Horner of nursery rhyme fame, was steward of the temporalities of the great Somerset Abbey of Glastonbury.

At the dissolution of monasteries, tradition says, the pie which he put his thumb contained the title deeds to the manor of Wells, which was the plain that Jack pulled out and made himself owner of a large slice of monastic lands. Wells Park has been in the family nearly 500 years and the eldest son has always been named John.

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It keeps in the Open Tin.

Never worry about leaving Eagle Brand in the opened tin. It keeps perfectly, pure and sweet, if kept covered in a cool place.

Eagle Brand CONDENSED MILK

Radio is Better with Battery Power

Ever since the inception of radio, batteries have been the accepted source of power. Pure DC current without hum or surge and correct voltage for all tubes and varying conditions are most conveniently and economically obtained today as in former years with batteries.

A, B & C BATTERIES

Made by Eveready are the choice of radio users everywhere. There is an Eveready radio battery for every radio need. Your dealer recommends and sells Eveready Radio Batteries. Consult him about the correct batteries for your particular set.

CANADIAN NATIONAL CARBON CO., LTD.

Montreal Toronto Winnipeg Vancouver

Opening and closing Radio Batteries on the air every Monday evening starting at 9 p.m.

EVEREADY Radio Batteries —they last longer

RADIO IS BETTER WITH BATTERY POWER

War On Farm Pests Must Be Carried On With The Aid Of Science

Farmers of the future will be largely dependent upon science and the labors of research students, declares Dr. Austin H. Clark, biologist of the Smithsonian Institution, in a statement just issued on the importance of biological research.

Dr. Clark declares that the agricultural war being waged against the pests of the farms is a war in which chemistry and science is playing an important part. In their present-day knowledge of how to meet and fight these foes, he states the husbandmen of the world are 300 years behind the times, and science has only just begun the task of furnishing the organized assistance to which the farmers are entitled.

The full text of the statement follows:

Man lives in a world replete with other forms of life competing with him for his food supply and even striving to consume the very substance of his body. Human existence is a constant struggle with the insects and the other things that consume the grains and other crops, the cattle and the poultry, and with the diseases that consume the flesh.

Our farmers grow the crops and stock by which we live. In doing this they spend their lives in constant conflict with the insects. The number of people who could be fed by the wheat or corn or other grain destroyed by insects or clothed by the cotton or wool lost every year represent the casualties on this battle line. We discount these casualties as "losses to the farmer," but then comes the number and read them as "losses to our army" and see what that would mean. The two are really alike in being both losses to our man power and all that that implies.

The weapons of the fighting armies always represent the highest attainable perfection of the moment. We know that this is necessary; we also know our fellow men. The farmer does the best he can, but his weapons seldom represent perfection, while the horde which he is called upon to meet are merely "bugs" to him.

Our farmers have no time to spend on the details of entomology, or in the study of the parasites that infest their animals and fowls, any more than our soldiers have time to perfect themselves in the mathematics of range-finding, or in the details of the chemistry of the explosives used in war.

Chemistry and mathematics and that form of social understanding called diplomacy have made the modern armies what they are. Chemistry and mathematics and a similar understanding of the life history, habits and propensities of his enemies, insects and parasites, will do the same for modern farmers. Just as the modern army owes its effectiveness to the labors in the past of a relatively small minority of men, largely unconnected with military life, so the farmers in the future more and more will be dependent on the labors of the research students.

In their knowledge of their foes and how to meet them, our farmers are 300 years behind our soldiers; and if we compare the potential casualties represented by insect depredations, by loss through parasites, or by imperfections in our knowledge of plant and animal breeding and in similar ways with the casualties in the armies of the world the difference is still greater. We have only just begun the task of giving to our farmers that organized assistance to which they are entitled.

How about our fishermen and those who live along the coasts? In the not distant future when the cultivation of the land has reached its limit and no further increase in our crops is possible we shall have to cultivate the sea as well, and from it take the food to feed our surplus population.

World's Dirtiest Place

Which is the dirtiest place in the world? This unavoidable distinction belongs to Phatlong, a village built some 500 years ago among the mountains of Tibet. Phatlong consists of a fortress, surrounded by 200 hovels. As everything which we would throw into a dustbin is there simply thrown out, these hovels are now below the level of the ground.

He—"In poor, but poverty is no disgrace."

She—"No; but that's about the only thing that can be said in its favor."

The favorite eat of Sushuman of Surakarta, a wealthy Javanese prince, died recently and was accorded a costly funeral with 24 pall-bearers.

Safeguards the Consumer

All Eggs In Denmark Are Stamped, Catalogued, and Indexed

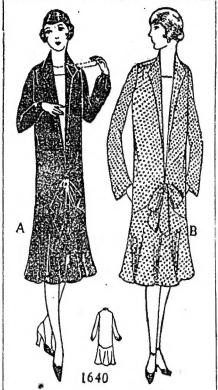
An egg in Denmark is no ordinary egg. The Danish egg has its own peculiar life history. Usually an egg ends its ordinary career upon being hatched, but not so a Danish egg. Every egg in Denmark upon birth is catalogued and indexed, so that any consumer eventually having trouble with that egg may gain redress. On the egg is rubberstamped a number, with various digits, showing the date it was laid, its hatchery, owner and hen. The excellent agricultural system of Denmark makes this possible, and the numbering of the eggs is not only a check on the efficiency of various dealers, but a safeguard to the consumer.

Faculty Of Fisheries

The First Of Its Kind That Has Been Established In Canada

A special despatch to the Montreal Star indicates that for the first time in the history of universities on this continent a "faculty of fisheries" is to be established in a Canadian institution. Dalhousie University, Halifax, is selected for the innovation, which results from negotiations between the marine and fisheries department, the biological board of Canada, and the university authorities. Dalhousie will give a course in the fundamental sciences, while the biological board will treat of fishery subjects. A governmental appropriation of \$35,000 has been made towards the establishment of a marine laboratory, the Star says.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



A Smartly Simple Frock
Extremely graceful is this attractive frock, and a style the home maid will find quite simple to fashion. The flared skirt is joined to the bodice having gathers at each shoulder, a vestee, and straight collar. The long sleeves may be loose, or gathered, narrow wristbands, and a soft bow is placed at the front. No. 1640 bust. Size 38 requires 3½ yards 39-in., in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches, or 3½ yards 1¾-inch material, and ½ yard 1¾-inch contrasting for vestee. Price 29 cents the pattern.

Many styles of smart apparel may be found in our new Fashion Book. Our designers originate their designs. In the opinion of the critics, these creations are those of tested popularity, brought within the means of the average woman. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No..... Size.....

.....

.....

Name.....

Town.....

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Increase Yield Of Wool

Wool Producing Capacity Of Sheep Improved By Transplanting Glands

Dr. Serge Voronoff, noted gland specialist, started the tenth international zoologists' congress at Hungary by the announcement that the wool producing capacity of sheep can be easily increased by the transplantation of glands. The method with which he experimented for three years on an Algerian farm resulted in a 25 per cent. increase in the yield of wool, he declared. He transplanted the glands of mature rams in six months lambs. The lambs thus treated were, on reaching the age of two years, an average 16 pounds heavier than ordinary sheep, and each time they were shorn they yielded 22 ounces more wool than those in which nature had been allowed to take its course.

Dr. Voronoff said he also found that the offspring of the rejuvenated lambs had their sire's characteristics as to 20 per cent. greater weight and 25 per cent. larger wool yield. Inasmuch as each ram in the course of a year impregnated 50 sheep, 700 rejuvenated rams suffice to raise a superior flock of sheep annually.

Trade With Britain

Great Britain's Increasing Demand For Canadian Goods

A remarkable and increasing demand for Canadian food products in Great Britain is reported by Major G. D. Johnson, Canadian Government trade commissioner for Glasgow, who is visiting in the Dominion for a few weeks. Major Johnson pointed out that since the depression following the post-war boom, export trade from Canada to the United Kingdom has shown a very marked increase, and that various Canadian products which in past years were conspicuous by their absence on the British market are now in very large demand.

An Ideal Wheat

Double Chaff Grain Would Withstand Cold Says Motherwell

With wheat double chaff, to protect it against early frost, in Western Canada, is urged by Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, who spoke at Saskatchewan Day at the Canadian National Exhibition. The breeding of wheat with a double chaff, he thinks is quite within the range of possibility.

"For a cold night you put on an overcoat," he asserts. "I see no reason why we should not put an overcoat on our wheat to protect it against early frost."

Stamp collecting is the hobby of several royalties, including the King of England, the Prince of Wales, King Alphonso of Spain, the Queen of Italy, and the crown prince of Italy and Sweden.

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Where Traffic Is Quiet

Cities In New World Could Learn Much From Old London

"A Retired American," writing in the Atlantic Monthly, declares that although he spent most of the winter in a hotel in the heart of Mayfair, distant only a few hundred feet from Piccadilly and but three minutes walk from Regent Street, two of the busiest thoroughfares in London, he found his surroundings, both day and night, "as quiet as any country place here in America." But the seven nights that he spent in his usual excellent hotel in New York were "as restful as if I had been trying to sleep in a boiler factory. Fire engines tore by all night, shrieking like damned souls. Motor car horns honked and honked, and honked, without interruption every hour of the night."

As this man says, there is absolutely no reason for the bedlam which generally characterizes street traffic upon this side of the water, unless people really like it.

London has as great traffic as is to be found in any city in North America. It is a continuous stream of motor cars, lorries and motor buses. Yet it moves as swiftly and as silently as a river. The people seem to prefer quiet, to appreciate its value to the human system, and to exercise sufficient control over traffic to have their views respected. In this respect, as in so many others, the Old City can teach the New World a much-needed and salutary lesson. If the institutions of treatment of nervous diseases are filled to overflowing, the constant din of traffic has played its part in bringing it about.

Possibilities Of Chemistry

Members Of Society Promise Earlier Potatoes By Treating Seed

The ability of chemists to speed crops and keep automobiles from rusting was discussed at the seventy-fourth meeting of the American Chemical Society in Detroit.

The application of ethylene chlorhydrin gas in seed potatoes will enable growers of the United States to produce an early crop and emancipate the country from reliance upon Bermuda for early potatoes, Dr. E. Denney, of Youkers, N.Y., reported.

Florida peanut growers, he said, will be able to produce potatoes between peanut crops by utilizing this chemical contribution to agriculture.

Science has doomed the rusty motor car, said Dr. Horace W. Gilber, of the Federal Bureau of Standards, Washington, reporting on the development of monel metal and other non-rusting materials for automobile use.

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DOMINION NOW HAS A SEAT ON LEAGUE COUNCIL

Geneva.—Canada and Cuba were elected to the League of Nations Council. Three seats were to be filled, and Finland got the third.

Canada, Cuba and Finland will sit for three years on the council, which now is composed of 14 members. The other members are Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan and Germany, which hold permanent seat in perpetuity, and China, Colombia / Chile, Hunan, Poland and Holland, who are non-permanent members.

The new line-up means that the council contains four countries representing the American continent and has created special interest among many delegates because of the particularly friendly relations existing between Canada, Cuba and the United States. From another standpoint the election caused interest of an equally Canada is a member of the British Empire. Hence, in the view of numerous delegates, the importance of the British Empire on the council is increased, although the general impression exists that Canada will act absolutely independently, insisting upon her sovereign rights as an independent member of the League of Nations.

The three new members will take office immediately, replacing Czechoslovakia, Salvador and Belgium, whose term has expired.

Presumably Senator Raoul Dandurand will represent Canada on the council. He was president of the 1923 Assembly; he speaks English and French with equal fluency and is popular in Geneva political circles.

Dr. Aristides Aguirre Bethancourt, Minister to Berlin, probably will be the choice of Cuba. He has long been one of the most prominent figures in League activities and served as president of the recent International Conference on Transit and Communications.

Canada won her victory by a narrow margin, getting 26 votes or one more than the necessary majority. Cuba led the poll with 40 votes, and Finland came second with 33.

No Alberta Coal For Ontario

Finding Of Rail Commissioner Will Make Price Visible

Calgary.—"The finding of the commission at once kills all hope of sending Alberta coal to the Ontario market," said Jease Gouge, Drumheller coal operator.

Mr. Gouge said that to the \$12.20 per ton mentioned as the inclusive cost "plus the element of profit," would have to be added the actual cost of coal which at \$3.75 per ton would bring the figure up to \$15.55. To that again would have to be added the profit of the retailer in Ontario which would run from \$2.50 to \$3 per ton. That would mean he said, that Alberta coal would cost the Ontario consumer \$18.45 to \$18.85 per ton, at which figure it would be placed entirely out of court, as American anthracite coal was being sold at \$15 to \$16 a ton.

"There is now no hope of capturing the Ontario market for Alberta coal," said Mr. Gouge, "as this could not be done unless there was a flat rate of \$7 a ton established."

Insured For Millions

107 Persons In U.S. and Canada Carry Heavy Policies

New York.—The lives of 187 persons residing in Canada and the United States are worth \$1,000,000 or more each to insurance companies, according to a survey made public by the Spectator Company, of New York.

Rodman Waaenaker, president, heads the list with \$7,500,000 in policies. Several persons including Dr. F. G. Banting, of Toronto, the discoverer of insulin, are insured for \$5,000,000 each.

Farmers Seek Representation

Winnipeg.—Appointment of a western farmer to the Board of Railway Commissioners, whose term will expire in October, is being urged by the Commissioners in place of Comptroller of Agriculture in communications forwarded to the federal Government. The council also has suggested the membership of the board should be enlarged to seven, and that at least three members should be from Western Canada.

The most illiterate country in the world is Natal, Africa, where 94.8 per cent. of the natives can neither read nor write. Egypt and Guatemala have 92.7 per cent. illiteracy.

Good-Will Between Canada and U.S.

No Room For Distrust Says Hon. William Phillips

Ottawa.—There is no place for distrust or misgivings between Canada and the United States, declared Hon. William Phillips, U.S. minister to Canada, in the course of a stirring address to members of the Canadian Club, and delegates to the annual conference of the Association of Canadian Clubs, at a luncheon here.

"It is an easy matter for us to understand one another," he said, "because our interests touch at some points and because already we are thoroughly well acquainted. We are in no sense foreigners to each other, yet we still have much to learn, one from the other. Already we have gone a long way on the road toward mutual co-operation but we still can go even further."

"Much of the sorrows and sufferings of the world would have been avoided in the past if nations had only found the courage to approach their international problems in an attitude of reasonableness and faith.

"With diplomatic relations now established and with good-will manifested everywhere, Canada and the U.S. are ready, I hope, to discuss all questions of mutual concern, as they appear, cheerfully and frankly, and in a spirit of helpfulness. In so doing we shall become the happiest illustration of what we hope civilization has in store for the entire world. For between our two countries there is no place for distrust or misgivings.

Liable To Dumping Duty

New Ruling On Imported Apples Has Been Issued

Ottawa.—Imported apples have been declared liable to dumping duty. A ruling issued by the Department of National Revenue holds that apples are to be considered as of a class or kind produced in Canada until otherwise ordered.

This means that a special (or dumping) duty in addition to the regular duty, will be applied to imported apples. The dumping duty will be the difference between the appraised value and the purchase price but not exceeding 15 per cent. of the appraised value.

Typhoon Devastates Japan

Four Hundred Dead and Many Injured By Tidal Wave

Tokyo.—Four hundred persons are dead, 2,300 injured, and 700 houses destroyed in Kumanoto, Island of Kiushi, in consequence of the typhoon and tidal wave, according to reports to the Japanese home office.

In Fukuoka, Nagasaki, and Kanagawa prefectures there were few casualties, but numerous houses were inundated and damaged.

When the typhoon struck Tokyo several thousand houses in the low-lying sections were flooded. Thirty children were injured when the roof of a schoolhouse was blown off.

Flee From Earthquake Area

Tourists Along Black Sea Coast Crowd All Transport

Moscow.—Thousands of panic stricken tourists along the Black Sea coast were crowding all means of transportation in order to escape from the district, which has been shaken by earthquakes in the past few days, causing death and injury in many districts. Late reports from Yalta say that 12 persons have been killed and 255 injured. Slighter shocks were still continuing in the region, the advices said. Relief measures are under way.

Should Lead the Way

Geneva, Switzerland.—The United States, France, Germany, Japan, Holland and the other drug manufacturing or producing countries should lead the way in curtailing the output of narcotics in the opinion of Colonel Daniel W. MacCormack of Boston, technical adviser of the Persian government, as expressed on behalf of Persia before the League of Nations social welfare committee.

Farmer Killed By Airplane

Perrmouth, Colo.—When a passenger aeroplane just taking off from a new airport, struck his farm wagon here, Norman Hopkins, 26, farmer, was killed. Hopkins' two sons, Glen, 6, and Oscar, 9, who were riding in the wagon, were injured.

Next Meeting At Edmonton

Saint John, N.B.—Edmonton, Alta., was chosen for the next annual meeting at the close of the ninth annual meeting of the Associated Workmen's Compensation Boards of Canada here. J. Sterling, of that city, was elected vice-president.

For Outpost Work



Miss B. R. Terry, R.N., Toronto, Ontario, nurse, left recently to begin work at the new medical outpost. All Saints' Hospital, Akavik, North West Territory, which has been opened under the auspices of the Mackenzie River diocese of the Anglican church.

POSTAL DEFICIT MUCH SMALLER THAN EXPECTED

Ottawa.—Reduction of postages provided by the budget of 1926 has resulted in a deficit in the Post Office Department, but it is about a million dollars less than was originally estimated.

For the fiscal year which ended March 31 last, the returns are being made up and the deficit is placed at \$1,600,000. The estimated shortage was about \$2,500,000.

It would appear from these figures that the reduction in the letter postage from three to two cents per ounce has increased the volume of letters passing through the mails.

Simultaneously, a marked increase in the parcels post is recorded and a big business is being done. Despite the one-third cut in the letter rate the result of the operations under the new conditions leads to the belief that in a year or two at least equilibrium will be established between postal revenues and expenditures.

Exodus Not Serious

Only Ten Per Cent of University Graduates Go To States

Winnipeg.—The exodus of Canadian university graduates to the United States is not as serious as it is often held to be in some quarters, according to Sir Robert A. Falconer, president of Toronto University, in an interview here.

"I went into the matter quite carefully at one time," Sir Robert said, "and I found that, according to figures I got from various universities in Canada, the emigration of graduates did not exceed 10 per cent." Sir Robert added that this exodus "is not such a terrible thing as some people imagine; it supplies an outlet for our graduates." No one, he said, would bother to obtain a university education if they did not get the opportunity to use it.

Sittings Of Railway Commission

Ottawa.—The Board of Railway Commissioners announced the following dates for sittings in Western Canada: Saskatoon, Oct. 10; Edmonton, Oct. 12; Vancouver, Oct. 19; Victoria, Oct. 22; Nelson, Oct. 24; Lethbridge, Oct. 27; Calgary, Oct. 28; Regina, Oct. 31; Brandon, Nov. 1; Winnipeg, Nov. 9; Fort William, Nov. 5.

Projected Flight Cancelled

American Globe Circling Tour To End At Tokio

Tokio.—The projected flight of the American monoplane Pride of Detroit across the Pacific on its globe-circling tour was called off here by its pilot, Edward F. Schlee and William S. Brock.

The decision to call off the flight followed a lengthy conference with aviation experts here and others interested in the undertaking. Many colleagues from America urging the fliers to stop at Tokio also carried weight. Brock and Schlee finally concluded the attempt to negotiate the Pacific would be futile.

They will take an early boat for the United States and have their monoplane shipped home.

More Settlers For Lethbridge

Lethbridge.—The Canada Colonization Association has been so successful in the Lethbridge district that it has been decided to place another 25 families there this Fall. One of the present settlers has placed 120 acres in sugar beets, 58 acres in potatoes and 400 acres in wheat and other small grains from which his return this Fall should be close to \$15,000. There are eight families now working for him.

Indian-Paleface Romance

This little lady is evidently attracted to the small Indian boy and perhaps even more to the gorgeous and unusual house he lives in—a typical Story Indian Teepee. So she has mastered her shyness and is tempting him with a few candies. The little Indian is nothing but to be tempted and meets her more than halfway. This pretty little incident occurred during the great Indian Day celebrations at the Sunfish Springs Hotel recently and was duly registered by a C.P.R. photographer.

TAKE MEANS TO PUT AN END TO CUSTOMS FRAUDS

Ottawa.—"We have had some evidence brought before us to indicate that in certain quarters there would be a revival of illegal practices once our commission ceased to exist. For the benefit of such parties and others similarly disposed I think I can assure you that means will be devised and rigidly enforced for detecting such frauds, and that in the future when such frauds and illegal practices are discovered, they will be visited with swift and relentless punishment."

The above was one of the statements made by Chief Commissioner J. T. Brown, of the Royal Customs Commission, in a brief address at the close of the public sittings of the commission here.

"No doubt there have been some who have been guilty of defrauding the Crown of its just revenues and who have escaped the scrutiny of our investigators," he continued. "For such let me say that the mere fact that they have thus far escaped exposure and prosecution must not be taken as any assurance that such practices can be continued with impunity."

The chief commissioner's closing address, which was concurred in by his fellow commissioners, W. H. Wright and Ernest Roy, expressed sincere appreciation of the work done by counsel, auditors and others associated with the work of the commission during the many months of the inquiry. Irrespective of the report which would prepare and submit to the Governor-in-Council, the investigation had been worth while, said the chief commissioner.

"Two things above all appear to have been necessary under the circumstances," he said. "In the first place, an exposure of conditions as they actually existed both inside and outside the service, with an awakened and enlightened public consciousness on customs matters as a result. The work of the parliamentary committee and our commission has made the exposure fairly complete. In the second place, it is essential to have a head to the department with the ability, will and determination to bring about the necessary reforms. There is every indication that the present head of the department is such a man."

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Fast Steamer 'Plane Service Is Planned

Would Cross From New York To France In Four Days

New York.—The New York Herald Tribune says that plans are nearly completed to launch an all-American combination steamship-airplane service between Montauk Point, Long Island, Plymouth, England, and Havre, France, with fast ocean liners that will make the crossing in four days.

The proposed line is to be incorporated as the New York, London, Paris Steamship Company, and will operate a fleet of ten 26,000-ton liners. The ships, which will resemble United States naval destroyers, but about twice their size, will be driven at an average speed of 31½ knots, but capable of attaining 35 knots. They will be about 800 feet long with an 80-foot beam and a draft of 24 feet 9 inches.

The new liners, to be used exclusively for passengers, will carry 400 first class, who will be accommodated in small cabins, slightly larger than Pullman car drawing rooms.

Victim Of Experiment Effect Of Anesthesia

Manchester, Eng.—A victim of his own scientific skill, Dr. Disney Rawson Wilson, surgeon and anaesthetist with a British and American reputation, was found dead in his laboratory. His wife discovered the experimenter with a mask over his face before a machine which administered gas mixtures.

It had been Dr. Wilson's great ambition to obtain and prolong the analgesic state, which is obtained momentarily when a person under an anaesthetic loses feeling yet retains consciousness.

Dr. Wilson's brother said the doctor believed he had sufficient will power to prevent himself from losing consciousness completely. Colleagues of the belief that he met death experimenting himself to discover the actual effects of an anaesthetic, which it was his conviction was the only way to obtain essential data.

REQUIRE MORE TRADE ROUTES FOR THE WEST

American Globe Circling Tour To End At Tokio

Vancouver.—"If Canada is to achieve her proper destiny as a great nation, the people of all sections of the country must realize that new trade routes must be established and many new settlers, no matter what their nationality, be brought in to develop the vast wealth stored in the virgin northern hinterland," Premier James G. Gardiner of Saskatchewan declared in an address before the Canadian Chamber of Commerce Convention here.

"All Canadians must get a vision which the 20th century has in store for them, then put our shoulders to the wheel and push on to the destiny which is ours," said the Premier of Saskatchewan, 25 years ago a penniless homesteader from Ontario, thriling his 200 auditors with his picture of the Canadian to come.

"The most disconcerting question which can be introduced into discussions, national or international, is the proposal to change trade routes," Premier Gardiner pointed out. "Some of the greatest wars in history have been fought on that issue. I would say to those interested in opening the Pacific route, and why should it not be opened?—to those interested in opening the Hudson's Bay route, do not expect that those now operating on the established trade routes are going to admit lightly that new routes will not operate to their disadvantage or even should they do so that their opening will redound to the national interest."

Railway development in Canada was a thing of the future, not of the past, despite the great lines already constructed, Mr. Gardiner believed.

Seven-eighths of all wheat entering into international trade was produced in Canada at the present time, he said. This meant, he explained, that the prairie provinces with a production of less than 2,000,000 were feeding 40,000,000 in other countries. Yet only one-third of the land capable of producing grain had been brought under cultivation so far.

When the great remaining open spaces were populated there would be more than enough business to keep every month it could remain open, he predicted, and Vancouver, ice-free all year and sole outlet for a great producing region, would be one of the greatest commercial centres in the Dominion.

CANADA MAY DECIDE TO APPLY A QUOTA LAW

Ottawa.—Renewal of the agreement between the department of immigration and colonization and the Canadian railway and steamer companies by which the latter secure transport and place immigrants in Canada has yet to be accomplished for the coming year. Negotiations are still in progress, according to the officials of the department.

While no official declaration on the subject is obtainable, it is believed that there will develop considerable opposition to inclusion in the coming year's agreement conditions similar to those of the agreement now about to lapse. The views of the present minister of the department, Hon. Robert Forke, have been frequently intimated.

Wholesale immigration without regard to placement or to the capacity of the country and its industries for assimilating those admitted to the Dominion is not viewed with favor by Mr. Forke. He is rather, a believer in the maintenance of a due balance between immigration and employment.

Holding such views it is believed to be certain that there will be some modification in the next agreement with the transportation companies. There will be more insistence upon proper placement by those companies of the people they bring to Canada and probably some further restriction imposed upon the selection of prospective immigrants by the agents of the companies.

In some quarters so much opposition has developed to indiscriminate immigration that two well known instruments are being discussed as of possible good for adoption by Canada. One is the quota law and the other is the imposition of a heavy tax upon immigrants from countries other than the British Empire. Naturally, it follows that the best of opportunities must be provided for the younger people who are already here, so that they will not be interested in going elsewhere. Under such circumstances, the policy of admitting people only as rapidly as they can find satisfactory employment is the one most likely to maintain a steady, healthy expansion of the country.

Woman Drowned At Sea

Carried Over Side Of British Liner By Huge Wave

Philadelphia, Pa.—Mrs. Cyril H. Mumford, 39, of Fair Acres Farm, near Hamilton, Ontario, was swept overboard from the deck of the British liner London Mariner, while the vessel was en route from England to this city.

The tragedy was revealed when the vessel docked here, bringing a tale of a stormy voyage and the husband and three children of the woman.

Mr. Mumford, a former British army officer, was returning with his family from a tour of England, Scotland and France when Mrs. Mumford, who had been on an upper deck of the vessel, was carried over the side by a huge wave.

Proposals To Outlaw War

New Idea Presented To League By Norway Delegate

Geneva.—A "voluntary universal arbitration" pact was introduced at a session of the League of Nations assembly commission on disarmament by Dr. F. Xanion, of Norway. The pact created tremendous interest in a concrete development of the movement to outlaw war.

The pact makes all war between dignitaries impossible by arranging settlement by an arbitration board of all conflicts which are not handled by the World Court or are not solved by the Council of the League of Nations.

Royal Brothers Arrive Home

Southampton, Eng.—The Prince of Wales, looking very bronzed and fit and in excellent spirits, stepped ashore from the Empress of Scotland here, ending his trip to Canada. He was accompanied by Prince George, The Mayor of Southampton and other city and county officials welcomed the two princes, who immediately boarded the train to London.

Many Nations See Canada

Delegates To Poultry Congress Are Impressed With Inspection Trip

The special train which conveyed delegates to the World's Poultry Congress on an inspection trip across Canada completed its journey at the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto after four weeks of travel in which about 9,000 miles were covered by rail and 1,000 miles by automobile and steamship. The party consisted of 125 persons representing eighteen different countries and was probably the most cosmopolitan group that ever toured Canada.

The excursion began at Ottawa on August 5th, immediately after the close of the third World's Poultry Congress, and covered first the Maritime Provinces, returning, the special train, which travelled on the Canadian Pacific or Canadian National Railways as would suit the convenience of the guests, paid visits to important agricultural areas in Ontario and then sped westward over the northern route. One of the most interesting calls was at Kapuskasing, Ontario, several hundred miles north of Toronto but yet in the latitude of the great grain-growing areas of Western Canada. The Experimental Farm at Kapuskasing was a revelation in its demonstration of the possibilities of a great area of country which has only recently begun to come under cultivation.

The chief centres of Western Canada were visited, including stops at popular resorts in the Canadian Rockies and a couple of days at the important coast cities of Vancouver and Victoria. Return to Toronto was made by way of Canadian Pacific rail and a brief visit to Hamilton and Niagara Falls was made over the Canadian National Railways.

Throughout the entire journey the delegates never ceased to be impressed with the wonderful productivity and opportunity afforded by agriculture in Canada. Next to those who travelled, which drew most favourable comment was the provision which has been made for universal education and for specialized education along agricultural lines. Many residents of old European lands cast envious eyes upon the equipment and facilities which Canada has provided for the education of its rising generations.

Most significant perhaps was the spirit of goodwill which existed among the representatives of the eighteen different countries included in the trip. The largest representation was from Great Britain and the next largest from the United States, but many European countries also had delegations aboard. There were also delegates from Bermuda, Egypt and Australia. All of them returned to their homes, not only enthusiasts over Canada, but also propagandists for the extension of that good-will among the nations of the world which is best promoted by friendly contact and understanding.

Reindeer Meat

Dominion Reindeer Company Opens Office At Saskatoon

With the creation of a branch office of the Dominion Reindeer Company at Saskatoon, the first step is taken which gives Saskatchewan connection with one of the latest industries, the production of reindeer meat for food. L. T. Howig, vice-president of a \$500,000 company operating under a Dominion charter announces that headquarters of the company will be moved from Vancouver to Saskatoon.

The reason for moving the headquarters, he explained, was that Saskatchewan offered the best available point to the base of operations—the feeding grounds near Great Slave Lake. Prince Albert was also considered. With the completion of the Hudson Bay line another line of transportation will be added. The company is planning the creation of packing and canning plants in the near future.

Cow Eats Geese

The little village of Staffelseim, near Bremen, has a cannibal among its herds of cows, according to the *Weser Zeitung*. This unusual cow devoured a crate of geese standing before the barn, ready for shipment. She promptly dropped the bay she was chewing, edged her way up to the crate, and leisurely munched five geese before the farmer discovered what was happening.

Yours truly, parenthetically: I haven't seen your husband, Mrs. Weps, at our meetings for a long time. I hope he hasn't taken up residence.

Mrs. Weps—I shouldn't wonder, sir. I buy all these patient medicines.

The blacks of Africa and their fall-bloated descendants in any part of the world never sneeze.

W. N. U. 1939

Health Education Is Necessary

Through the Canadian Social Hygiene Council, Dr. M. M. Seymour, Minister of Health for Saskatchewan, makes the suggestion that the study of health be made an essential part of the curriculum in every class of every Canadian school.

In the bare suggestion, there is probably nothing new. It is in the manner in which the work would be carried out that Dr. Seymour's proposal differs radically from any other yet put forward.

He proposes that two minutes only, at the beginning of each school day, for example, be devoted to it.

The teacher, he suggests, might read a daily health lesson. It need not be longer than two hundred words and could be even shorter.

Dr. Gordon Bates, General Director of the Canadian Social Hygiene Council in discussing the question, noted that sex hygiene would probably be one of the subjects not dealt with in such a series. The result of the Council's investigations into the matter had been that this problem was one to be met in the home, not the school room. His organization, therefore, had prepared a series of simple text books which parents could use and which supplied all the necessary information.

"We have just begun to realize," he said, in commenting on Dr. Seymour's suggestions, "that it is essential that every adult Canadian be equipped with scientifically-correct information regarding health. A certain measure of health-education is as necessary as knowledge of elementary arithmetic."

"Various organizations, voluntary and official, are now striving, throughout the Dominion, to impart this information to the present generation of Canadian citizens. It is a difficult problem. There are no existing facilities in this or any other country for educating adults. Yet, this education we must have."

"To glance at the economic aspects of the matter, it is costing us many thousands to impart this knowledge to grown-up Canadians. It could be taught just as effectively to school children and adolescents and, through the schools, in a much simpler and much less costly manner."

"To continue the economic argument, this teaching is necessary if we are to gain control over preventable disease and preventable disease is the cause of our most staggering economic loss today. We have 90,000 Canadians useless ill each day. We lose 16,500,000 working days unnecessarily each year and we spend during the same period the sum of \$270,000,000 in caring for our sick institutions—half of which is preventable."

Alberta Coal For Eastern Canada

Would Save the Country Huge Sum Annually Spent In Importing Coal

Mayor Foster of Alberta states that all probability there will be a seven dollar freight rate for Alberta coal to Ontario. He discussed the matter with Premier Browne of Alberta, who was in Toronto recently. His worship said that this would enable Alberta coal to be sold in Toronto at \$12 or \$15 per ton.

"I think we are going to succeed. It will be a wonderful thing to save the country \$100,000,000 annually spent in importing coal into Canada," he said. Householders in this city are at present paying around \$16 a ton for imported anthracite.

Uses Of Adhesive Tape

Rubber gloves, shoes and table cloth can be repaired with adhesive tape applied to the water side of a cut or break. It will protect the finger and thumb when peeling fruit or hard vegetables; apply pieces of it to both. When ripping seams with a knife or razor wrap the blade with the tape to within an inch of the end and prevent injury to fingers or face. A box in which furs or woolens are stored can be made dust-proof by applying the tape to the seams; and after mending broken glass or china it is excellent for holding the parts in place until they are thoroughly dry.

Plan To Fight Grasshoppers

Steps are being taken now in B.C. to locate the egg beds of grasshoppers so that next spring they can receive a liberal supply of poison bait when the insects hatch out. Without these precautions a bad situation is predicted for the Chilcotin cattle country. Years of a grasshopper plague in the Peace River country were dispelled this year when heavy rains drowned millions of the insects shortly before hatching.

Petitioner—Have you the umbrella I lent you?

Piper—No, I lent it to a friend.

Pedler—That makes it very awkward for me, as the man who lent to my friend tells him that the owner wants it.

A Russian Illusion

Leaders Believe Outside Governments Are Controlled By Big Business

The realization that oil has become a self-important fuel is reflected in a constantly-increasing struggle for its control. Russia has been able to make some very advantageous deals because of her oil resources, having contracted with the Standard Oil Company of New York and the Vacuum Oil Company to take more than 40,000,000 barrels annually.

Russia's idea in doing this was not only to raise cash with which to purchase supplies from abroad but to embarrass England as Stalin made clear in a recent speech.

It is the hope of Russian leaders to create a friendly sentiment in England and America by offering trade opportunities, especially to large concerns.

They have the illusion that the press and politics of outside countries are controlled by big business and that if they can make a favorable impression on big business they can get what they want from the governments. This is a new but none the less dangerous type of Russian propaganda.

A National Menace

Jazz At Mealtimes Ruins Digestion Says Cleveland Scientist

Dr. Charles M. Newcomb, Cleveland scientist, has made the startling claim that jazz, at meal times is about as bad a thing as can happen to the digestion and now the radio has made it a national menace.

The jolly little nerve centres, upon which depend so much in the way of digestion, get to jiggling about, and under the jazz influence cannot wangle the food evenly and the digestive ducts suffer. There is nothing in the human body that can suffer as keenly or as frequently as digestive ducts.

Jazz is exciting. Some of it is fearful and some makes people want to fight. At least it diverts the good turn of attention from its work. We cannot agree with the doctor that this may not in some cases be a good good thing.

Anything from a fire to a riot or a boiler explosion, that can attract the attention of the pneumogastric nerve from the food served in some restaurants should be quite welcome.

Makes Typhoons To Order

U.S. Invention Can Supply Gentle Breeze Or Regular Hurricane

The Bureau of Standards of the Department of Commerce has a new invention that enables Government experts to create a big wind—a regular hurricane. Typhoons are made to order, the purpose being to obtain information for use of aviators, automobile designers, ordnance makers, builders and architects. A large model of smoke stack, with properly constructed curves and elbows, has been constructed for the artificial storm.

Baffles range from gentle breezes to swooping currents at a top speed of 180 miles an hour.

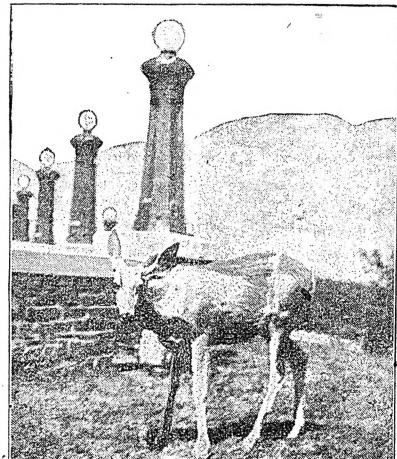
"How about a little recompence for my efforts?" the vagrant inquired.

"Sure thing," the Scotchman replied. "What do you want me to sing?"

"Parasol ants" derive their name from the fact that they eat large pieces out of leaves and then parry along carrying the pieces over their heads like umbrellas.

"This fluid," urged the girl at the glove counter, "is fine for cleaning lace."

"I wash my baby," responded the woman customer, with some humour.



Baby Deer Pays Visit

Bain Springs Hotel, in the heart of the Rockies, attracts the best of travel society from all over the world and it would appear that this member of the Young Set is also anxious to break into the elite of society. Any-

way, whatever the reason, she turned up one fine morning grazing on the lawn just outside the famous hotel.

It is probable she will be leaving for a trip to the woods in the Fall.

Her and her reception was most flattering for the whole of the deer family. Although quite undivided, she was once given the freedom of the hotel, while guests vied with one another in welcoming her. Here you see her posing for her photograph as though she were the most recently arrived of debutantes. While no date has been set for her stay at the hotel, it is probable she will be leaving for a trip to the woods in the Fall.

The Vast Pacific

Nearly Twice The Size Of The Atlantic Ocean

Painting the background of vastness against which the deliberations of the conference on Pacific Relations were to be set, Dr. Herbert E. Gregory, Director of the Bishop Museum of Polynesian Research at Honolulu, delivered an address on the "Geography of the Pacific" at the opening of the July sessions. Dr. Gregory said:

"The Pacific Ocean is a huge affair; it is long and wide and deep. From the Bering Strait to Wilkes Land on the Antarctic Circle the distance is 9,300 miles and along the equator the distance is 10,000 miles—two-fifths of the circumference of the earth and more than three times the width of the Atlantic.

"These great stretches of water form the axes of an area comprising more than 55,000,000 square miles (the area of Canada is about 3,315,617 square miles.)

"The Pacific is nearly twice the size of the Atlantic and greater in area than all the continents and islands combined. The volume of Pacific water is incomprehensibly great.

"If all the lands above sea level—plains, plateaus, and mountain systems—were piled into the Pacific they would sink to the bottom and be merged at a depth of about 12,000 feet."

"If the water were drained from the Pacific the descent from the present shore line to the floor of the deepest valley would be greater than the present ascent to the loftiest Himalayan peak."

Messages Through Nervous System

Recent Researches Throw New Light On Nerve Impulses

When you burn your finger does your brain learn it by a sort of radio or electric wave that transmits the message through your nerve system? That was the old belief, based on the fact that stimulated nerves had never been found to give off heat. New researches by Dr. A. V. Hill, of Cornell University, reported in *Popular Science Monthly*, have shown that the opposite is probable—that an impulse travelling along a nerve is a high-speed chemical reaction. Using an electric heat-measuring device to record temperature changes of one twenty-millionth of a degree, Dr. Hill found that a nerve gives off a minute quantity of heat when it reacts.

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Standards Of Thrift Vary

But Everyone Should Make Ample Provision For Future

"It doesn't pay to worry about the future. The things we dread seldom happen. It's better to take life as it comes and not burden ourselves with thoughts about the years ahead."

There are many whose creed of life is something like this and it leads them along a very treacherous and dangerous pathway. It doesn't pay to worry, perhaps, from the standpoint of conjuring up imaginary woes or misfortunes. But there is a great difference between worrying about the future and facing life's possibilities in a sensible manner.

The Japanese have a proverb which says: "Success and happiness are the beautiful flowers that spring from the plain brown bulb of thrift and savings." The point of this talk on thrift is to point out the difference between planting the honest bulbs of thrift and neglecting entirely to make provision for the future.

Too many of us are apt to think of thrift only in terms of plain brown, unattractive bulbs, without thought of the beautiful flowers that come from them. And the sequence of thrift and personal advancement is just as true as the sequence of bulb and flower.

To maintain that one can go through life with absolute disregard for the fundamentals of rightful living and prudent habits, and still continue to thrive is as false a doctrine as would be the suggestion that the flower could live and grow without the bulb.

There are varying standards of thrift, according to individual circumstances and conditions. But living beyond one's means squandering one's time, energies and health, and thinking only of present moments without plan or preparation for the later years, are practices that cannot fail to bring unhappiness in the end.

Unless the flowers of success and happiness are rooted in the plain brown bulbs of thrift, the day of blossoming is sure to come. — S. V. Straus, President American Society for Thrift.

The Dignity Of Work

When Rightly Done It Is A Great Character Builder

If you are to be happy in this life, respect your work. Never feel above it. Put your heart in it. See the poetry in it. Work with a purpose. Do it with your might. Go to the bottom of it. Do one thing at a time. Be larger than your task. Prepare for it thoroughly. Make it a means of character building. Do it cheerfully, even if it is not congenial. Do it in the spirit of an artist, not an artisan. Make it a stepping stone to something better than it has ever been before. Make perfection your aim and be satisfied with nothing less. Do not try to do it with a part of yourself—the weaker part. Keep yourself in condition to do it as well as it can be done. Believe in its worth and dignity. It may be how humble it may be.

Recognize that work is the thing that dignifies and ennobles life.

A Natural Fly Killer

Oil From Castor Plant Is a Perfect Insecticide

A recent number of the "British Medical Journal" contains a description of the accidental discovery of a natural fly-killer. A castor oil plant was placed accidentally in a room swarming with flies, which, of course, came in in hundreds through the open window, but as soon as it was deposited in its place the flies disappeared as if by enchantment. On examination they were found under the castor oil plant or clinging to the under surface of the leaves perfectly dead. The leaves, it is said, give out an essential oil or toxic principle which possesses the strongest insecticide qualities.

Would Not Take Long

Bearing in mind the fact that the once far-flung Austro-Hungarian Empire has been split up into a number of small States, of which Austria proper is by no means the largest, the following story—which was told by M. Brand, the French Prime Minister—strikes me as distinctly funny.

Two Austrian officers—said M. Brand—found themselves one bright day with nothing to do.

Said one: "How shall we pass away the time this morning?"

"Well," suggested his friend, "supposing we take a walk across the Empire?"

"All right!" agreed the other. "But what shall we do in the afternoon?"

There are still those who say that it is better to have lived and paid the cost than never to have lived at all.

Dishonesty has passed the limit when a man cheats at solitaire.

Canada's Mineral Resources

New Canadian National Railway Publication Deals With Deposits From Coast to Coast

While the world is recording a decrease in the production of gold, Canada is gradually showing an increase and is rapidly reaching second place as a source of supply. It is stated in a new publication covering mines and mineral sources of the Dominion, now being issued by C. Price-Green, F.R.G.S., Commissioner, Department of Natural Resources for the Canadian National Railways. The booklet, which is now available for distribution, deals extensively with the mineral resources of the Dominion, both metallic and non-metallic, and points out that: "The value of our mineral production has risen from less than \$2 million to over \$24 million in 1926; our water-power developed, the total power force of the Dominion, both hydroelectric and thermal, has increased from 2,000 million horse power to 4,566,000 horse power; the export of pulp and paper, from practically nothing to \$172 million; and our foreign trade from \$221 million to over \$2,000 million, representing the largest per capita export in the world. Many other examples could be given, but these alone explain why Canada's progress is inspiring so much confidence in investors at home and abroad."

Dealing with the pre-Cambrian Shield, which stretches from Labrador almost to the basin of the Mackenzie, the introduction to the booklet states: "The major portion of this country is unexplored and unprospected; still sufficient is now known of its geological structure to provide evidence of its latent wealth. The copper-gold deposits of Northwestern Quebec; the nickel-copper mines of Sudbury; the silver of Cobalt, South Lorrain, Miller Lake and Gowganda; the gold of Porcupine, Kirkland Lake and areas contiguous in the provinces of Manitoba and Quebec; the iron, gold, silver and other ores of Thunder Bay and Rainy River mining districts; copper, gold and various other minerals in The Pas district of Manitoba, all give some idea of what the future holds in store for Canada, within the folds of this great region—the greatest single exposure of pre-Cambrian rock in the world—greater than all others combined. In view of what is said in the foregoing as to the nature of the formation of the Archean Shield, it is, indeed, probable that phenomenal discoveries will continue to be made from time to time. It must be borne in mind that at present only a minimum of work has been done by men who have more or less, rapidly covered the country contiguous to its waterways."

Empire's Deposits Of Manganese Ore Large

Chief Producers Are India and Africa Says Noted Metallurgist

Two papers were prepared by Sir Robert Hadfield, the distinguished English metallurgist, for the meeting of the Empire Mining and Metallurgical Congress held at Sydney, N.S., on September 9, but the author himself was unfortunately not able to come to Canada to attend the meeting.

Sir Robert is perhaps best known as the discoverer and inventor of manganese steel. The actual discovery dates from 1882, but it was not announced until 1888, in a classic paper he communicated to the Institution of Civil Engineers, London, England. It is not too much to say that this discovery revolutionized the steel-making industry, and as a result manganese ore has become indispensable.

Sir Robert showed that the British Empire possesses large resources in such ores—larger in fact than those of any other country. The deposits are mainly in India and Africa (Gold Coast), production from which in 1925 was respectively 710,000 tons and 339,000 tons of high grade ore. Russia (Georgia) with 513,000 tons, and Brazil with 347,000 tons, are the other main ore sources of supply. In Canada no large manganese-ore deposits are known although 10 years ago there was an average production of about 1,500 tons from the Maritime Provinces.

The aviator was explaining the use of the parachute to a group of listeners.

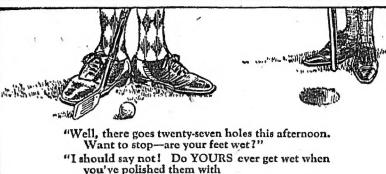
"And what would happen if it failed to open after you jumped off?"

"Oh, that wouldn't stop me," replied the aviator; "I'd come down just the same."

Terry—"Can you give me a little money?"

Ted—"Sure. How little?"

"Mild Martin," who lived in London about 40 years ago, was 3 feet 2 inches tall.



"NUGGET" SHOE POLISH

There's a "Nugget" shade for every shoe made

Helmi, trust me—I'm your little mother!" She came over to the girl and laid her hand on her shoulder. Her touch made Helmi shiver, and when she bent nearer Helmi drew away from her.

"I will not tell," said Helmi again. Mrs. Wymuth drew her lips tightly over her two plates. "We'll see," she said, and Helmi knew it was a threat.

That night Helmi sat the girls at supper. The table had been turned diagonally across the room to get greater length, and it had, a clean cloth, although it was not Sunday; Mrs. Wymuth had expected a visit from some members of the Board.

"Now, girls," said Mrs. Wymuth, in her sweet way, after a lengthy blessing had been called down from on high, "we have a new girl, Helmi Mandler. She has come to us for a while, and I want you to be very good to her, and very kind. Let her know she is among friends here. Helmi and I have had a little difference already, which I wish to tell you about. In order to help her I must know her whole story, and this she refuses to tell me. I have coaxed her, but she remains stubborn. Isn't she foolish girls? I am here to help every girl, but the girls must let me. Isn't she foolish girls?" she repeated.

"Yes, Mrs. Wymuth," said the girls in chorus. But they said it listlessly, their days of mourning for the other matron were not ended.

Then Mrs. Wymuth proceeded to tell the story, the girls listening open-mouthed. A new girl's story was always interesting.

"Now we will all pray that Helmi's stubborn spirit may be melted, and we will all pray, won't you girls?"

Helmi sat looking from one to the other helplessly. Had she not one friend anywhere?

Every night after the evening meal there followed this orgy of prayers, when every girl who wanted to stand well with the matron prayed. Much of it was meaningless, but as the prayers went on a certain excitement held hold on them, and in their supplications they forgot that other ears than God's were listening, and unconsciously they revealed many things. The Matron, was hopeful that Helmi would be swept into the whirlpool of excitement, and would tell what she wanted to know. Helmi sat still and listened, but refused to pray.

(To Be Continued)

From Personal Experience

New York Man Quite Convinced
Scotch Are Tight

There is one man in New York who does not have to be convinced that the Scotch are "tight." He knows it—from personal experience in Scotland.

This man is Alex Smith, the famous golf professional. And this is the story:

Last spring, when George Duncan, the Scotch golfer, was over here he visited Smith. And he not only wore Smith's fanciest golf stockings—and other articles of his apparel—but also holes in them. However, he said that when Smith visited him in Scotland he would show him the time of his life.

This summer Smith went to Scotland and visited Duncan. To entertain his American guest the Scotchman invited two attractive young ladies to dine with them. He ordered an expensive dinner, but when the waiter brought the check he passed it to Smith.

"We'll go fifty-fifty on this," he said, in all seriousness. I furnished the ladies and you pay the check."

Smith admits he's "curious."

Worms sap the strength and undermine the vitality of children. Strengthen them by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator to drive out the parasites.

Testing Big Scorpions

The Westminster Gazette announces that the British ministry is trying out a 3,000 mile special seal development flight in the Baltic with a fleet of experimental flying boats as exhaustive tests for naval and commercial transport work. It is hoped, the Gazette adds, that the tests will involve huge all metal aerial battleships to act as the eyes of the fleet.

"Now, I'd like to be your friend—I am a little mother to all the girls—I want you to tell me all about yourself."

Helmi told her about coming to Saint Paul—her aunt's death—her coming to Winnipeg—Miss Abbie Moore—the Girls' Club. Suddenly she stopped.

"Ye-e-e-s?" Mrs. Wymuth stretched the word out until it seemed like a sharpened prong which would be sure to lift another slab of conversation.

"That is all," said Helmi.

"Who sent you for the medicine, dear?" asked Mrs. Wymuth casually.

"I can't tell," replied Helmi, looking her questioner straight in the eye.

"You mean you will not tell. Now,

New Home Ready

Prince Of Wales To Take Up Residence in Marlborough House
The Prince of Wales will go into residence at Marlborough House soon after his return from Canada.

Marlborough House, an almost square, solid red brick building, was built by Sir Christopher Wren just over 300 years ago for the first Duke of Marlborough. Later it became the residence successively of various members of the royal family, and finally was acquired for King Edward VII, then Prince of Wales.

The present Prince of Wales will actually use only a small portion of the house himself. His suite will be on the first floor, which looks out on two acres of garden. A large room, which was formerly an audience chamber, will be converted into a combined reading room and study where the Prince will conduct the principal part of his correspondence.

On the ground floor is a large room which will be used for the entertainment of friends who are not of the Prince's intimate circle.

Queen Alexandra's boudoir and bedroom will remain exactly as they were in her lifetime, as will also the four state rooms with their pictures and statuary. The same course was followed with regard to Queen Victoria. Rooms at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, where she died—albeit her death took place more than a quarter of a century ago and although Osborne House as a whole has been put to different uses—remain as they were in her lifetime.

Dinner Sent By Air



A Buried Meteorite

Expect To Find Platinum In Giant Meteorite In Arizona

Meteorites have a vast now significance. The other day a drill was broken 600 feet underground in a test boring in Canyon Diablo, Arizona, a simple accident. Yet scientists of several countries are wondering just why that drill broke. Furthermore, a group of practical mining men believe its breaking signifies that their fortunes are made—for they expect to find platinum in paying quantities at the 600-foot depth.

That is the latest chapter in the history of Coon Butte, or Meteor Crater, where it is believed a gigantic meteorite buried itself at some past time. The broken drill, declares Neil M. Clark in Popular Science Monthly, is the first positive indication that the main mass of the meteorite may have been located.

If actual mining preparations for which are going forward, proves this to be the case, we shall have fresh evidence that truly we live in a hazardous and surprising world, since the very heavens can open and bombard us with "projectiles" weighing hundreds of thousands of tons. A meteorite such as that supposedly hidden under Meteor Crater could, if it dropped in the ocean, cause one of the most colossal tidal waves ever known, or, dropping on land, could devastate the flattest part of Chicago or New York, and kill thousands of people (perhaps hundreds of thousands) in the twinkling of an eye. There is no reason to suppose that such a catastrophe, if it happened once, could not happen again, sometime, somewhere.

The test of any remedy lies in its acceptance and employment by qualified medical practitioners. No less an authority than Dr. Andrew Angel, physician to the Papal household, writing on the subject of anaesthesia and disorders attendant thereto, strongly endorses Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, recommending them as superior to other tonics.

Dr. Angel's testimony reads as follows: "For a long time I have made use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in my work and I always found them efficacious in the treatment of disorders due to impoverishment of the nervous system, rheumatism, stomach weakness, retarded development in young women, and irregularities. There is no lack of tonic remedies, but in my experience no one of them manifests a superior efficacy than that of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

No more conclusive evidence of the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is likely to be asked for, or greater, than is found in the endorsement of this noted European physician. Besides this, however, this medicine has enjoyed a world-wide public confidence for more than a third of a century, and has brought relief to thousands and thousands of weak and suffering people.

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for neuritis, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervousness and similar complaints," says him as a tonic if you are not in the best physical condition and cultivate a resistance that will keep you well and strong. You can get these pills through any druggist, or by sending \$1.50 for a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Little Helps For This Week

Let the word of Christ dwell in you richly in all wisdom—Col. iii. 16.

It's not the skill of human art which gives me power my God to know; The sacred lessons of the heart Come not from materials in temples; Love is my teacher.

—Madame Guyon.

Some Curious Lakes

Five On Peninsula In Caspian Sea Have Peculiar Features

On the Mangishlak peninsula, in the Caspian Sea, there are five small lakes. One is covered by salt crystals strong enough to allow a man and horse to cross the lake on foot. Another is as round as any circle, and of lovely rose color. Its banks of salt crystal form a setting, white as snow, to the water, which not only shows all the colors from violet to rose red, but from it also rises a perfume as violet. Both the perfume and the color are the result of the presence of seaweeds.

Used by physicians—Minard's Liniment.

Forest To Printing Press

In order to show how quickly a tree could be transformed into a newspaper, three trees near a large paper mill were recently cut down at 7.55 m.p.h. swiftly rid of bark, and pulped.

They were then made into a roll of paper which was ready for use by a nearby newspaper at 9:34 a.m.

The presses began turning at once, and by 10 o'clock newsboys were selling the papers in the streets.

Merely a Signature

A member of a congregation, becoming angry at a sermon the minister was preaching, wrote the single word, "Fool" on a sheet of paper, and called an usher to him, and had it delivered to the minister in the middle of his sermon. The minister opened the paper and read what was written. Then he said: "An unusual thing has happened. A member of the congregation has signed his name without writing the letter.

Ancient Egypt's sacred lotus was in reality a water lily.

Cuticura Soap Shampoos Keep the Scalp Healthy

Regular shampoos with a suds of Cuticura Soap and hot water, preceded by light application of oil of Ointment, are most effective. They do much to cleanse the scalp of dandruff, allay irritation, stimulate circulation and promote the healthy condition necessary to a luxuriant growth of hair.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Direct. Price, 25c. Postage Paid. Order from Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.



EXPECTANT MOTHERS

Read Mrs. Menard's Letter. Her Experience May Help

Chatham, Ontario.—"I want to tell you how much good your medicine has done me. Before my baby came I was a weak and run-down that I hardly do my work. My mind and body were worn out and I was so disengaged that I could cry myself to sleep. I had another baby just seven and a half old and it gave me a lot to do. Now, I'd like to be your friend—I am a little mother to all the girls—I want you to tell me all about yourself."

Helmi told her about coming to Saint Paul—her aunt's death—her coming to Winnipeg—Miss Abbie Moore—the Girls' Club. Suddenly she stopped.

"Ye-e-e-s?" Mrs. Wymuth stretched the word out until it seemed like a sharpened prong which would be sure to lift another slab of conversation.

"That is all," said Helmi.

"Who sent you for the medicine, dear?" asked Mrs. Wymuth casually.

"I can't tell," replied Helmi, looking her questioner straight in the eye.

"You mean you will not tell. Now,

THE ADVANCE, CHINOOK, ALTA.

MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF COLLHOLME NO. 243

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT under the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act, 1920, and subsequent legislation, the following lands will be offered for sale, by public auction, at the Municipal Office, situated in the village of Chinook, Province of Alberta, on Thursday, September 29th, 1927, at the hour of 2 p.m.

Pt. of Section	Sec.	Twp.	Rge.	Mer.	Pt. of Section	Sec.	Twp.	Rge.	Mer.
N.W.	2	25	7	4	S.E.	36	25	8	4
N.E.	3	25	7	4	S.E.	24	25	8	4
N.W.	3	25	7	4	N.E.	22	25	8	4
S.E.	3	25	7	4	S.E.	23	25	8	4
S.E.	5	25	7	4	N.E.	25	27	8	4
S.W.	5	25	7	4	S.W.	30	27	8	4
N.E.	6	25	7	4	N.E.	32	27	8	4
N.W.	15	25	7	4	N.E.	16	25	8	4
S.E.	24	25	7	4	S.E.	17	25	8	4
N.E.	35	27	7	4	S.W.	16	25	8	4
S.E.	30	27	7	4	N.E.	21	28	8	4
S.W.	31	28	7	4	N.E.	25	28	8	4
S.W.	33	28	7	4	N.E.	27	28	8	4
N.W.	34	28	7	4	N.E.	32	28	8	4
S.E.	34	28	7	4	S.E.	32	28	8	4
N.E.	3	27	7	4	N.W.	6	25	9	4
N.W.	10	27	7	4	N.E.	13	26	9	4
S.E.	10	27	7	4	N.E.	16	25	9	4
S.W.	14	27	7	4	N.W.	14	26	9	4
S.E.	35	27	7	4	N.W.	16	26	9	4
N.E.	4	28	7	4	N.W.	23	27	9	4
N.E.	5	28	7	4	N.E.	5	27	9	4
N.W.	5	28	7	4	N.W.	5	27	9	4
N.W.	17	28	7	4	N.W.	9	27	9	4
S.W.	25	28	7	4	S.E.	9	27	9	4
N.E.	25	28	7	4	N.W.	12	27	9	4
N.W.	28	28	7	4	N.W.	13	27	9	4
S.W.	30	28	7	4	S.W.	13	27	9	4
S.W.	32	28	7	4	N.W.	16	27	9	4
S.E.	9	28	7	4	S.E.	16	27	9	4
N.W.	14	26	8	4	N.E.	23	27	9	4
S.E.	15	26	8	4	N.W.	30	27	9	4
S.W.	15	26	8	4	S.W.	30	27	9	4
N.W.	15	26	8	4	N.E.	34	27	9	4
S.E.	16	26	8	4	N.E.	19	28	9	4
S.W.	16	26	8	4	S.E.	24	28	9	4
S.E.	33	26	8	4	S.E.	24	28	9	4
N.E.	34	26	8	4	S.E.	30	28	9	4
S.E.	35	26	8	4	S.W.	32	28	9	4
N.E.	36	26	8	4	N.E.	36	28	9	4

Each parcel will be offered subject to a reserve bid, and the reserves will be paid on the existing certificates of title, and will be affected by payment of the full amount of arrears and costs at any time prior to the sale. Terms CASH. Dated at Chinook, Alberta, this 15th day of July, A.D. 1927.

L. S. DAWSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

THE COW

Is the Best Investment a Farmer Can Make. A Good Cow, given a fair chance, Will Produce 250 Pounds of Butter Fat in Nine Months, and this at a price of 30 cents per pound, Equals \$75 a year. What else can you invest in that will pay you 100 per cent every year? And she gets at least half of her living out of the fence corners, stubble fields and sloughs that would otherwise be a total waste.

Remember for Bigger Returns and Better Service Ship Your Cream To
Youngstown Creamery
We pay 38 cents for best quality.
Phone 16 Youngstown, Alta. Box 137

PRINTING

Letterheads, Envelopes, Statements, Billheads, Loose Leaf Forms, Business Cards, and every other kind of printing.

SEE US ABOUT ANY KIND OF PRINTING.

The Chinook Advance

Threshing Will Be General This Week

If the present fine weather continues many machines will be busy threshing this week. Otto Peterson, of Rearville, commenced threshing on Tuesday, while several owners of threshing machines around Chinook are planning to start up on Friday or Saturday.

Work On Hudson Bay Railroad Progressing Toward Churchill

The bridge crossing the Limestone River at Mile 350 on the Hudson Bay Railway will be completed by the middle of this month according to a statement made by H. A. Dixon, chief engineer of the Canadian National Railways, who is in charge of the construction of the road. As soon as the bridge is finished track laying will be started from the Limestone River to Mile 356.5, the new junction point to Fort Churchill.

In the meantime a location party is in the field locating the line towards Churchill. It is expected that this work will be continued into December before weather conditions interfere.

All summer more than thirteen hundred men have been engaged ballasting, widening, lifting, filling and ditching on the Hudson Bay Railway between The Pas and Mile 350 the present end of steel. Considerable progress has been made and the track for almost all of the distance is in first class operating condition. Three steam shovels are being used in this work. In addition the two bridges over the Nelson and the one over the Saskatchewan have been completely repainted.

Note the fly in the molasses and apply the lesson taught; he was where he had no business and for punishment was caught. Life is full of traps and pitfalls set for unsuspecting feet; but we hit and take our chances, like the fly, to gain the sweet.

Honeymooners Meet

*With Auto Accident

Mr. Bert Smith and his young bride, who were married in Calgary on September 6, met with an auto accident while on their honeymoon trip. They were on their way from Davenport to Seattle, when something went wrong with the steering gear of the car and it dashed into a telephone pole throwing them both out and rendering them unconscious. They were taken to the hospital where it was found neither of them had sustained any very serious injury. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are now back in Calgary, though Mr. Smith has his arm in a sling as a result of the accident.

High School Work

In order to be successful in High School work, we must learn to study both in school and at home. Home duties should not interfere with the hours set for lessons; home duties should not be shirked but they should be definite in amount and come at a definite time.

One complete evening a week, beside Sunday, is all the student can afford from homework. The time needed for homework depends upon the concentration of mind given to the work. It should not be less than two and one half hours in addition to five good hours given in school, at work. It is better to work one hour and play for two than to sit over books for three hours with no concentration. Good habits are of inestimable value.

Horace Mann says, "There is nothing so cheap as education and nothing so costly as ignorance." But education is not cheap it requires expenditure of energy, persistence and concentration; and there the student has no help from others. No parent or teacher can supply the ambition or motive that is necessary as a driving force.

Our Alberta High School course consists of 29 units. For Grade Eleven standing 21 units are required or 23 if the student wishes to attend both Normal School and University. These 21 or 23 units may be taken in three years by a very industrious student, but 4 years is not too much to plan to spend on it. The best plan is probably to take 30 units for grade twelve standing in five years. It's best to plan this course in advance. The marks on the monthly examinations are a good indication as to whether the student is attempting too many subjects.

W. S. Korkos, Principal,
Chinook Consolidated School.

ANIMALS AND MEMORY

"Nose and memory are closely associated in animal life," says a writer in My Magazine. A butterfly smells out the sent of its own species; moths find their way to another in the dark by the same organ; wolf to wolf, fox to fox, horse to horse, elephant to elephant, lion to lion—they follow their noses. They remember the characteristic scent.

"The elephant may crush a man to death and break out into the forest, but it can be recaptured and set to work again with perfect safety. The horse would not work for us if he were able to build up into its experience all its memories of successful battle with its groom or its breaker. Cattle would do us the same if the camel would trample and bite us to death, conkeys would dash their way to freedom if they could understand and co-ordinate what they remember, building up experience and reasoning from it as a human does.

"Animals do not understand, though they may not forget. That is a mercy for us; but, on the other hand, if they forgot, in the manner of insects and amphibia, then they would be equally useless, for they could never remember what we teach them, never realize that they are mastered. It would seem as if their type of memory were fashioned for the special advantage of the one creature capable of profiting by it—Man himself."

ANGLICAN CHURCH

September 25th.

CEREAL

Holy Communion

8 a.m.

STANSON

Holy Communion

10:30 a.m.

COLLIHOLME

Holy Communion

12:30 p.m.

YOUNGSTOWN

Evensong

7:30 p.m.

Worship

Rev. Dace Hasell, of Lovernia,

asks that a large attendance be

present at all services.

Daily Devotions

7 a.m., 12 noon and 7 p.m.

At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)

Wheat

1 Northern

1.14

2 Northern

1.11

3 Northern

1.04

Oats

.48

3 C. W.

.44

No. 1 Feed

.43

Rye

.65

2 C. W.

.60

Rejected

1.40

Flax

.73

3 C. W.

.70

Alta.

Youngstown

Alberta

FOR SALE—Dodge Touring Car.

Apply Advance Office, Chinook

FOR SALE—35-110 Rumley

Steamer, cheap for cash, or will

rent on share basis. Canadian

Bank of Commerce, Youngstown

FOR SALE—Radio complete with

loud speaker. Cheap for cash.

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JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SHIPMENT OF

RADIO BATTERIES

Both Ever-Ready and Maximite

LOOK OVER YOUR TUBES AND AERIAL

A FULL LINE OF

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General Blacksmith

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Horse shoeing and General

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We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours.

Our restaurant has been thoroughly

renovated, and new booths installed

All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks

and Candies. ICE-CREAM.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

PATRONAGE DIVIDEND PAYMENT

A payment of one cent per bushel is being

made on Patronage Dividend Receipts issued by

on street grain purchased by

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.

during the past crop year, up to August 15, 1927.

Patronage Dividend Receipts issued at Chinook

Elevator before August 15, will be cashed by

Mr. C. W. RIDEOUT, CHINOOK.